

BOARD QUESTION PAPER : MARCH 2018

HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

Note:

- i. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- iii. Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.

1. (A) Complete the following statements by choosing the appropriate alternatives from those given in the brackets: [3]

- i. The International Court of the U.N.O. is at _____ city of Holland.
(New York, Ankara, Hague)
- ii. Under the leadership of _____ the Dharasana Satyagraha took place.
(Sarojini Naidu, Kasturba Gandhi, Madam Cama)
- iii. According to the _____ treaty, England won the Hong Kong Island.
(Peking, Nanking, Kanagawa)

(B) Match the correct pairs from Group 'A' and Group 'B': [3]

	Group 'A'		Group 'B'
i.	Mungopark	a.	Producer of Indian Super Computer
ii.	Dr. Vijay Bhatkar	b.	American President – 14 points declaration
iii.	Woodrow Wilson	c.	Courageous European traveller
		d.	Communist Manifesto

2. Answer each of the following questions in 25 to 30 words (any two): [4]

- i. Explain the term 'aggressive nationalism'.
- ii. Which ideology was introduced to the Indians, with the contact of Europeans?
- iii. What is Economic Imperialism?

3. Give reasons for the following statements in 25 to 30 words each (any two): [4]

- i. The democratic governments in Europe started to collapse after the First World War.
- ii. Decolonization started late in the African Continent.
- iii. China remained undivided.

4. Answer the following questions in 40 to 50 words each (any two): [6]

- i. Write any three destructive effects of Imperialism.
- ii. Explain the term 'Bloody Sunday'.
- iii. What are the disadvantages of 'Globalisation'?

5. Answer the following questions in 60 to 80 words each (any two): [8]

- i. State the significance of the Russian Revolution.
- ii. Describe the effects of the Second World War based on the following points:
 - a. Loss of life and property
 - b. The financial effect.
 - c. The decline of Imperialism
 - d. The formation of U.N.O.
- iii. Explain the causes of Cold War.

6. **Fill in the blanks with a suitable word from those given in the brackets:** [3]
- i. India has _____ form of Democracy.
(direct, indirect, presidential, mixed)
 - ii. In the case of language _____ is a homogeneous country.
(India, Switzerland, China, Sri Lanka)
 - iii. _____ is the core of democracy.
(People, Representatives, Prime Minister, Peoples' participation)
7. **Answer the following questions in *one* sentence each (any *three*):** [3]
- i. What is recall?
 - ii. What is a state level or regional political party?
 - iii. What is a federal system of government?
 - iv. What is regional inequality?
 - v. State the difference between ruling party and the opposition party.
8. **State whether the following statements are True *or* False, with reasons (any *two*):** [4]
- i. To propose a law is the responsibility of the legislature in India.
 - ii. People who share common political opinion form a political party.
 - iii. Higher the initiative, weaker the democracy will be.
9. **Answer the following questions in 25 to 30 words (any *one*):** [2]
- i. Explain the dual nature of the questions before democracy.
 - ii. What measures are taken to ensure that people of different religions will live peacefully?